## The Vine Assessment System™

by LifeCubby

A Fully Integrated Platform for Observation,
Daily Reporting, Communications and Assessment

For Early Childhood Professionals and the Families that they Serve

Alignment Document for:
Mississippi Early Learning Standards for
Classrooms Serving Four-Year-Old Children



References



Mississippi Department of Education. (2013). *Mississippi early learning standards for classrooms serving four-year-old children*. MS: Author. Retrieved from

https://districtaccess.mde.k12.ms.us/curriculumandInstruction/EarlyChildhood/4-year-old-standards.pdf

Mississippi Early Learning	Vine Assessments by LifeCubby
Standards for Classrooms Serving Four-Year-Old Children	
English Language Arts	Vine Indicators
Reading Standards for Literature	
Key Ideas and Details	
With prompting and support, ask	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy
and/or answer questions with details related to a variety of print materials (e.g., ask, "What is the duck doing?" or respond to, "Tell me about the duck.").  2. With prompting and support, retell familiar stories (from books, oral presentations, songs, plays) using diverse media (e.g., conversation, drama, props throughout the classroom, creative movement, art,	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story  ATL 1-2 Develops Memory  Pre-K: Recalls part or all of a story, including characters and main events
and creative writing).	
3. With prompting and support, identify some characters, settings, and/or major events in a story.	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Craft and Structure	
Exhibit curiosity and interest in learning words in print.	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
a. Develop new vocabulary from stories.	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
b. Identify environmental print (e.g., word wall, class dictation).	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
5. With prompting and support, interact with common types of texts (e.g., fantasy; factual; animals; books	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make

about people demonstrating racial, cultural, age, gender, ability and diversity).	words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
6. With prompting and support, identify the role of the author and illustrator.	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
7. With prompting and support, make connections among self, illustrations, and the story (e.g., picture walk, small group questions and answers, props in drama).	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
8. (Not appropriate for literature as indicated in the CCSS for ELA)	
9. With prompting and support, compare and contrast adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories (e.g., how are two stories similar and/or different).	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity	
10. Actively engage in a variety of shared reading experiences (e.g., small group, whole group, with a peer or teacher) with purpose and understanding through extension activities (e.g., art activities, dramatic play, creative writing, movement).	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Reading Standards for Informational Text	
Key Ideas and Details	
With prompting and support, ask and/or answer questions with details related to a variety of informational print materials (e.g., charts, graphs, maps, lists, and other reference materials).      With prompting and support, identify the main topic/idea and retell	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story  LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books
some details using diverse media	independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is

(e.g., drama, creative writing, art, conversation).	printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
3. With prompting and support, demonstrate the connections among individuals, events, ideas, or pieces of information in a text (e.g., art, dramatic play, creative writing, conversation).	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Craft and Structure	
4. Exhibit curiosity and interest about words in a variety of informational texts.	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
5. With prompting and support, identify the front cover, back cover, and title page of a book.	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
6. With prompting and support, identify the role of the author and illustrator in informational text.	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Integration of Knowledge and Ideas	
7. With prompting and support, make connections between self and text and/or information and text.	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
8. With prompting and support, explore the purpose of the informational text as it relates to self.	Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
9. With prompting and support, identify similarities and differences in illustrations between two texts on the same topic.	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story

Range of Reading and Level of Text	
Complexity	
10. With prompting and support, actively engage in a variety of shared reading experiences (e.g., small group, whole group, with a peer or teacher) with purpose and understanding through extension activities (e.g., experiments, observations, topic studies, conversations, illustrated journals).  Reading Standards: Foundational	LKS 8-1 Develops Early Literacy  Pre-K: Shows interest in printed materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story
Skills	
Print Concepts	
With prompting and support, demonstrate understanding of conventions of print.	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
a. Recognize an association between	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading
spoken and written words.	Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
b. Recognize that the letters of the alphabet are a special category of visual graphics that can be individually named.	LKS 8-2 Develops Alphabetic Knowledge Pre-K: Sings, says, or signs ABCs as a memorized chant; knows the names or sounds of most letters; begins to recognize letters in print
c. Recognize and name some upper- and lower-case letters of the alphabet, especially those in own name.	LKS 8-2 Develops Alphabetic Knowledge Pre-K: Sings, says, or signs ABCs as a memorized chant; knows the names or sounds of most letters; begins to recognize letters in print
d. Differentiate letters from numbers.	LKS 8-2 Develops Alphabetic Knowledge  Pre-K: Sings, says, or signs ABCs as a memorized chant; knows the names or sounds of most letters; begins to recognize letters in print  CM 10-4 Reads and Writes Numbers  Pre-K: Can write some numbers up to 10; recognizes a few numbers in written form; recognizes both numerals and number
e. Recognize words as a unit of print and understand that letters are grouped to form words.	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes

f. Understand that print moves from left to right, top to bottom, and page by page.  g. Understand that words are	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes  LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading
separated by spaces in print.	Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
Phonological Awareness	
2. With prompting and support, demonstrate an emerging (developing) understanding of spoken words, syllables, and sounds.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
a. Engage in language play (e.g., sound patterns, rhyming patterns, songs).	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
b. Explore and recognize rhyming words (e.g., using songs, finger plays, nursery rhymes, imitation, poetry, and conversation).	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
c. Demonstrate awareness of the relationship between sounds and letters.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
d. Demonstrate an understanding of syllables in words (units of sound) by clapping, stomping, and finger tapping.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
e. With prompting and support, isolate and pronounce the initial sounds in words.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
f. Demonstrate an awareness of ending sounds in words.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
3. With prompting and support, demonstrate emergent phonics and word analysis skills.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)
a. Demonstrate one-to-one letter- sound correspondence by producing the primary sound of some consonants.	LC 7-3 Develops Phonemic Awareness  Pre-K: Can "clap" syllables in words; recognizes words that rhyme, associates sounds with letters and words; recognizes alliteration (words that start with the same sound)

b. Recognize own name, environmental print, and some common high-frequency sight words.  Fluency 4. Display emergent reading behavior	LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading  Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes  LKS 8-3 Develops Emergent Reading
with purpose and understanding (e.g., pretend reading, picture reading).	Pre-K: Recognizes a few common sight words; understands structure: beginning, middle, end of a story; shows awareness of the uses and functions of environmental print, symbols, and other forms of print to convey meaning and recognizes that different text forms are used for different purposes
Writing Standards	
Text Types and Purposes	
With prompting and support, recognize that writing is a way of communicating for a variety of purposes.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
a. Explore and experiment with a combination of written representations (e.g., scribbles, drawings, letters, and dictations) to express an opinion.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
b. Explore and experiment with a combination of written representations (e.g., scribbles, drawings, letters, and dictations) and describe their writing.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
c. Explore and experiment with a combination of written representations (e.g., scribbles, drawings, letters, and dictations) to tell about events or stories.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
2. No developmentally appropriate standard.	
No developmentally appropriate standard.	
Production and Distribution of Writing	
4. No developmentally appropriate	
standard.	
5. With prompting and support, focus on a topic and draw pictures or add details to an illustration that will clarify responses to questions or suggestions from adults and peers.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters

6. With prompting and support, use a variety of tools (e.g., digital media, art materials) to share in the creation and publication of creative writing.	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
Research to Build and Present Knowledge	
7. With prompting and support, participate in and demonstrate understanding of written representation in collaborative research projects (e.g., explore a number of books by a favorite author on the same topic) and express opinions about them.	Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; at tempts to copy simple words from electrons labels and other materials; looks at books independently; understands how print is organized (letters make words, words tell a story, etc.); understands that English is printed left-to-right and that pages turn right-to-left; identifies title and author; asks questions about stories; may connect a story to a personal experience; may predict the outcome of a story  LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing  Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from electrons labels and other materials; shows
	simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
8. With prompting and support, recall information from experiences to answer questions.	ATL 1-2 Develops Memory  Pre-K: Recalls part or all of a story, including characters and main events
9. No developmentally appropriate	
standard.	
Range of Writing	
10. No developmentally appropriate standard.	
Speaking and Listening	
Comprehension and Collaboration	
With guidance and support,     participate in small-group as well as large-group shared conversations about pre-kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults.	LC 7-6 Learns Conversation Structure  Pre-K: Participates in multi-turn conversations with friends and adults; mirrors tone, volume and tense; uses verbal and nonverbal conversational rules (e.g., takes turns, eye contact, loud and soft voice as appropriate, etc.); connects phrases and sentences to build ideas
a. Engage in voluntary conversations (e.g., turn-taking, exchanging information, listening attentively, being aware of others' feelings).	LC 7-6 Learns Conversation Structure  Pre-K: Participates in multi-turn conversations with friends and adults; mirrors tone, volume and tense; uses verbal and nonverbal conversational rules (e.g., takes turns, eye contact, loud and soft voice as appropriate, etc.); connects phrases and sentences to build ideas
b. Engage in extended conversations.	LC 7-6 Learns Conversation Structure  Pre-K: Participates in multi-turn conversations with friends and adults; mirrors tone, volume and tense; uses verbal and nonverbal conversational rules (e.g., takes turns, eye contact, loud and soft voice as appropriate, etc.); connects phrases and sentences to build ideas
2. With prompting and support, confirm understanding of information presented orally, from read-alouds, or	LC 7-1 Develops Receptive Communication  Pre-K: Follows class rules and routines; can follow multi-step directions of increasing complexity; listens to stories, directions, and conversations

The same of the sa	T
through other media by asking and	
answering questions about details.	LC 7.2 Pavalana Evangassina Communication
3. With prompting and support, ask	LC 7-2 Develops Expressive Communication
and answer questions in order to	<u>Pre-K:</u> Asks questions and communicates information using increasing detail and more complex words; uses multiple clauses
seek help, obtain information, or	in sentences (e.g., if/then, what/then); connects phrases and
clarify something that is not	sentences to build ideas
understood.	
Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas	
4. With prompting and support,	LC 7-2 Develops Expressive Communication
describe familiar people, places,	Pre-K: Asks questions and communicates information using
things, and events.	increasing detail and more complex words; uses multiple clauses in sentences (e.g., if/then, what/then); connects phrases and
	sentences to build ideas
5. With prompting and support, add	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing
drawings or other visual displays to	Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or
descriptions.	writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy
	simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows
C Mith many i	awareness that a word is made up of letters
6. With prompting and support,	LC 7-2 Develops Expressive Communication
demonstrate an emergent	<u>Pre-K:</u> Asks questions and communicates information using increasing detail and more complex words; uses multiple clauses
(developing) ability to express	in sentences (e.g., if/then, what/then); connects phrases and
thoughts, feelings, and ideas clearly.	sentences to build ideas
Language	
Conventions of Standard English	
1. With prompting and support,	LC 7-5 Expands Grammar and Pronunciation
demonstrate awareness of the	Pre-K: Speaks with proper pronunciation; can be understood by
conventions of standard English	adults and peers; speaks in sentences using grammar that is
grammar and usage when speaking.	age-appropriate
a. Use frequently occurring nouns	LC 7-5 Expands Grammar and Pronunciation
and verbs.	Pre-K: Speaks with proper pronunciation; can be understood by
	adults and peers; speaks in sentences using grammar that is
h Form regular plural pouns by	age-appropriate
b. Form regular plural nouns by adding /s/ or /es/ (e.g., dog, dogs;	LC 7-5 Expands Grammar and Pronunciation  Pre-K: Speaks with proper pronunciation; can be understood by
dish, dishes).	adults and peers; speaks in sentences using grammar that is
uisii, uisilesj.	age-appropriate
c. Understand and use question	LC 7-5 Expands Grammar and Pronunciation
words (interrogatives) (e.g., who,	Pre-K: Speaks with proper pronunciation; can be understood by
what, where, when, why, how).	adults and peers; speaks in sentences using grammar that is
,	age-appropriate
d. Use the most frequently occurring	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
prepositions (e.g., to, from, in, out,	<u>Pre-K:</u> Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in
on, off, of, by, with).	conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands
	that some words mean the same thing and some words are
	opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
e. Produce and expand complete	LC 7-2 Develops Expressive Communication
sentences in shared language	Pre-K: Asks questions and communicates information using
activities.	increasing detail and more complex words; uses multiple clauses

	in sentences (e.g., if/then, what/then); connects phrases and
	sentences to build ideas
2. With prompting and support,	LC 7-5 Expands Grammar and Pronunciation
demonstrate awareness of the	Pre-K: Speaks with proper pronunciation; can be understood by
conventions of standard English.	adults and peers; speaks in sentences using grammar that is age-appropriate
a. Write first name, capitalizing the	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing
first letter.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
b. Attempt to write a letter or letters to	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing
represent a word.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
c. Experiment with written	LKS 9-1 Develops Emergent Writing
representations of words, using	Pre-K: Prints own name, either through tracing, copying, or
emergent (developing) knowledge of sound-letter relationships.	writing independently and may make mistakes; attempts to copy simple words from classroom labels and other materials; shows awareness that a word is made up of letters
Knowledge of Language	awareness that a word is made up or letters
3. No developmentally appropriate	
standard	
Vocabulary Acquisition and Use	
<ol><li>With prompting and support,</li></ol>	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
explore unknown and multiple-	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a
meaning words based on pre-	regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in
kindergarten reading and content.	conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are
	opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
a. Apply new meaning for familiar	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
words accurately (e.g., recognizing	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a
that a car is also a vehicle).	regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
5. With guidance and support,	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
explore word relationships and word	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a
meanings.	regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in
-	conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are
	opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
a. Sort common objects into	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
categories (e.g., shapes, foods) to	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a
gain a sense of the concepts the	regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in
categories represent.	conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands
	that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
b. Experiment with frequently	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary
occurring verbs and adjectives by	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a
relating them to their opposites	regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands

(antonyms) (e.g., run, walk; fast, slow; soft, hard).	that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
c. Identify real-life connections between words and their use (e.g., find examples of things that are smooth, rough).	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary  Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
d. Recognize and demonstrate knowledge of verbs (e.g., acting out sweeping, describing how to brush teeth).	LC 7-4 Expands Vocabulary  Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)
6. With prompting and support, use words and phrases that have been acquired through responses to text or stories, experiences, conversations, and/or from hearing a story.	Pre-K: Asks questions about new words; uses new words on a regular basis; shows growth in number of words or signs used in conversation with others; asks meanings of words; understands that some words mean the same thing and some words are opposites (e.g., house/home and big/little)

Mathematics	
Counting and Cardinality	
Know number names and the count	
sequence.	
1. With prompting and support, recite numbers 1 to 30 in the correct order.	CM 10-1 Begins Counting  Pre-K: Counts by rote to 20; can count objects up to 20; understands and uses ordinal terms (1st, 2nd, 3rd); may be able to skip count by 2, 5, or 10
2. With prompting and support,	CM 10-4 Reads and Writes Numbers
recognize, name, and attempt writing numerals 0 – 10.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Can write some numbers up to 10; recognizes a few numbers in written form; recognizes both numerals and number names
Count to tell the number of objects.	
3. With guidance and support, understand the relationship between numerals and quantities.	CM 10-1 Begins Counting  Pre-K: Counts by rote to 20; can count objects up to 20; understands and uses ordinal terms (1st, 2nd, 3rd); may be able to skip count by 2, 5, or 10
a. Recognize that a numeral is a symbol that represents a number of objects, using developmentally appropriate pre-kindergarten materials.	CM 10-4 Reads and Writes Numbers  Pre-K: Can write some numbers up to 10; recognizes a few numbers in written form; recognizes both numerals and number names
b. Match quantities and numerals 0 – 5.	CM 10-1 Begins Counting  Pre-K: Counts by rote to 20; can count objects up to 20; understands and uses ordinal terms (1st, 2nd, 3rd); may be able to skip count by 2, 5, or 10
4. Count many kinds of concrete objects and actions up to 10, using	CM 10-1 Begins Counting

one-to-one correspondence; and, with guidance and support, count up to 7 things in a scattered design.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Counts by rote to 20; can count objects up to 20; understands and uses ordinal terms (1st, 2nd, 3rd); may be able to skip count by 2, 5, or 10
a. Use the number name to represent the number of objects in a set, using developmentally appropriate prekindergarten materials.	CM 10-1 Begins Counting  Pre-K: Counts by rote to 20; can count objects up to 20; understands and uses ordinal terms (1st, 2nd, 3rd); may be able to skip count by 2, 5, or 10
Compare numbers.	
5. Use comparative language (e.g., more than, less than, equal to, same, and different) to compare objects, using developmentally appropriate pre-kindergarten materials.	CM 10-2 Builds and Observes Sets  Pre-K: Can look at groups of objects up to 5 and indicate how many items without having to count them; compares quantities in sets and uses appropriate vocabulary: equal, more, less
Operations and Algebraic Thinking	
Understand addition as putting together and adding to and understand subtraction as taking apart and taking from.	
With guidance and support, experiment with adding and subtracting by using developmentally appropriate pre-kindergarten materials.	CM 10-3 Learns Addition, Subtraction and Division  Pre-K: Can add "1" to a set of objects and know that it is 1 more; can subtract 1 from a set of objects and know that it is 1 less; can split a set of objects equally to divide by 2
2. With guidance and support, model real-world addition and subtraction problems up to 5 using developmentally appropriate prekindergarten materials.	CM 10-3 Learns Addition, Subtraction and Division  Pre-K: Can add "1" to a set of objects and know that it is 1 more; can subtract 1 from a set of objects and know that it is 1 less; can split a set of objects equally to divide by 2
3. With guidance and support, demonstrate an understanding of patterns using developmentally appropriate pre-kindergarten materials.	CM 10-3 Learns Addition, Subtraction and Division  Pre-K: Can add "1" to a set of objects and know that it is 1 more; can subtract 1 from a set of objects and know that it is 1 less; can split a set of objects equally to divide by 2
a. Duplicate and extend simple patterns using concrete objects.	CM 11-2 Understands Patterns  Pre-K: Can create, duplicate or extend more complex patterns, such as red-blue-green-red-blue-green; can fill in a missing piece of a pattern; seriates a group of like objects (small, medium, large, or light, medium, dark)
Measurement and Data	
Describe and compare measurable attributes.	
1. With guidance and support, recognize measurable attributes of everyday objects such as length, weight, and size, using appropriate vocabulary (e.g., small, big, short, tall, empty, full, heavy, light).	CM 11-1 Learns Measurement and Quantities  Pre-K: Explores and observes ways to use tools to measure objects (e.g., erasers, paper clips, ruler, scale, thermometer, measuring cups, etc.); develops growing abilities to collect, describe, and record measurement in different ways, such as charting results or measuring distance on a map

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2. With guidance and support, compare two objects using attributes of length, weight, and size (e.g.,	CM 11-1 Learns Measurement and Quantities  Pre-K: Explores and observes ways to use tools to measure objects (e.g., erasers, paper clips, ruler, scale, thermometer, measuring cups, etc.); develops growing abilities to collect,
bigger, longer, taller, heavier, same weight, same amount).	describe, and record measurement in different ways, such as charting results or measuring distance on a map
a. Use nonstandard units of measurement.	CM 11-1 Learns Measurement and Quantities  Pre-K: Explores and observes ways to use tools to measure objects (e.g., erasers, paper clips, ruler, scale, thermometer, measuring cups, etc.); develops growing abilities to collect, describe, and record measurement in different ways, such as charting results or measuring distance on a map
b. Explore standard tools of measurement.	CM 11-1 Learns Measurement and Quantities  Pre-K: Explores and observes ways to use tools to measure objects (e.g., erasers, paper clips, ruler, scale, thermometer, measuring cups, etc.); develops growing abilities to collect, describe, and record measurement in different ways, such as charting results or measuring distance on a map
Classify objects and count the number of objects in each category.	
3. With guidance and support, sort, categorize, or classify objects (e.g., color, size, length, height, weight, area, temperature).	CS 13-2 Classifies or Sorts Objects  Pre-K: Compares objects based on attributes, such as weight, odor, color, texture, function or sound
Geometry	
Explore, identify, and describe shapes (squares, circles, triangles, rectangles, hexagons, cubes, cones, cylinders, and spheres).	
With guidance and support, correctly name shapes.	CM 12-1 Learns Shapes & Sizes  Pre-K: Names and describes shapes; understands that two of the same shape can have different sizes; understands symmetry
2. With guidance and support, recognize and correctly name shapes in the environment, regardless of their orientation or overall size.	CM 12-1 Learns Shapes & Sizes  Pre-K: Names and describes shapes; understands that two of the same shape can have different sizes; understands symmetry
3. With guidance and support, explore the differences between two-dimensional and three-dimensional shapes.	CM 12-1 Learns Shapes & Sizes  Pre-K: Names and describes shapes; understands that two of the same shape can have different sizes; understands symmetry
Analyze, compare, create, and compose shapes.	
4. With guidance and support, create and represent shapes using developmentally appropriate prekindergarten materials (e.g., popsicle sticks, play dough, blocks, pipe cleaners, pattern blocks).	CM 12-1 Learns Shapes & Sizes  Pre-K: Names and describes shapes; understands that two of the same shape can have different sizes; understands symmetry

5. With guidance and support, explore using shapes to create representation of common objects (e.g., use a square and a triangle to make a house).	CM 12-1 Learns Shapes & Sizes  Pre-K: Names and describes shapes; understands that two of the same shape can have different sizes; understands symmetry
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Approaches to Learning	
Play	
Engage in play.	
Cooperate with peers during play by taking turns, sharing materials, and inviting others to play.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
2. Initiate and make decisions regarding play and learning activities (e.g., choose learning centers and materials).	ATL 1-5 Shows Initiative  Pre-K: Makes and conveys choices to friends and teachers
3. Exhibit creativity and imagination in a variety of forms (e.g., roles, props, and language).	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
4. Demonstrate active engagement in play.	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
Curiosity and Initiative	
Demonstrate curiosity and initiative.	
Demonstrate interest in new experiences by interacting with peers, using familiar materials in creative ways, and investigating new environments.	ATL 1-4 Is Curious  Pre-K: Shows interest in new experiences; demonstrates eagerness to learn
2. Ask questions to seek new	ATL 1-4 Is Curious
information.	Pre-K: Shows interest in new experiences; demonstrates eagerness to learn
3. Make independent choices.	ATL 1-5 Shows Initiative Pre-K: Makes and conveys choices to friends and teachers
4. Approach tasks and activities with flexibility, imagination, and inventiveness.	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
Persistence and Attentiveness	
Demonstrate persistence and attentiveness.	
Follow through to complete a task or activity.	ATL 1-3 Is Persistent  Pre-K: Completes reasonable tasks despite frustration, either by persisting independently or seeking help from a friend or adult

2. Demonstrate the ability to remain engaged in an activity or experience.	ATL 1-1 Is Attentive  Pre-K: Pays attention during story time and other teacher-led
ongages in an acting or expension	activities such as circle time; focuses on an activity for 15 or more minutes
3. Seek out and accept help or	ATL 1-3 Is Persistent
information from adults and peers	Pre-K: Completes reasonable tasks despite frustration, either by
when needed to accomplish a task or	persisting independently or seeking help from a friend or adult
an activity (e.g., using a step stool to	
reach the sink).	
Problem-Solving Skills	
Demonstrate problem-solving skills.	
1. Identify a problem or ask a	CS 14-1 Solves Problems
question.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Uses creative solutions to reach goals; experiments with
	objects such as puzzles or blocks to build structures to solve problems
2. Use a variety of strategies to solve	CS 14-1 Solves Problems
a problem, reach a goal, or answer a	Pre-K: Uses creative solutions to reach goals; experiments with
question (e.g., work with others, use	objects such as puzzles or blocks to build structures to solve problems
a variety of materials, use trial and	problems
error).	
3. Apply prior learning and	CS 14-1 Solves Problems
experiences to build new knowledge.	Pre-K: Uses creative solutions to reach goals; experiments with
	objects such as puzzles or blocks to build structures to solve problems

Social and Emotional Development Standards	
Social Development	
Build and maintain relationships with others.	
Interact appropriately with familiar adults.	SED 5-1 Bonds with Adults  Pre-K: Establishes secure relationships with adults; offers to help adult with a task; seeks guidance from trusted adults
a. Communicate to seek out help with difficult task, to find comfort, and to obtain security.	SED 5-2 Learns from Adults  Pre-K: Mirrors adult behavior in daily routines; seeks help or information when needed from adults
b. Engage with a variety of familiar adults for a specific purpose.	SED 5-1 Bonds with Adults  Pre-K: Establishes secure relationships with adults; offers to help adult with a task; seeks guidance from trusted adults
2. Interact appropriately with other children.	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers  Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend; knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song, dance, acting/role-play
a. Engage in positive interactions and communications with classmates (e.g., greet peers, use names of classmates, share materials).	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers  Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend; knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song, dance, acting/role-play

b. Develop relationships and share a friendship with one or two peers (e.g., offer assistance and materials to others).	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers  Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend; knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song, dance, acting/role-play
c. Ask permission to use items or materials of others.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
d. Acknowledge needs and rights of others (e.g., say, "It's your turn on the swing.").	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
3. Express empathy and care for others.	SED 6-1 Builds Empathy  Pre-K: Shares in the joy of others; expresses sadness when another adult or child is sad
a. Show affection and concern in appropriate ways (e.g., pat a child on the arm; give a soft hug to an upset peer).	SED 6-1 Builds Empathy  Pre-K: Shares in the joy of others; expresses sadness when another adult or child is sad
b. Offer and accept encouraging and courteous words to demonstrate kindness.	SED 6-1 Builds Empathy Pre-K: Shares in the joy of others; expresses sadness when another adult or child is sad
c. With prompting and support, identify emotional cues of others and react in a positive manner (e.g., say, "You seem sad.").	SED 6-1 Builds Empathy  Pre-K: Shares in the joy of others; expresses sadness when another adult or child is sad
Work productively toward common goals and activities.	
Participate successfully as a member of a group.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
a. With prompting and support, share experiences and ideas with others (e.g., engage in conversation to express ideas).	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
b. Sustain interactions with peers, allow others to join play activities, and play cooperatively with others in small and large groups (e.g., engage in cooperative play or conversations over time).	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
c. Accept assigned duties during play or classroom management routines (e.g., clean-up responsibilities).	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle

	consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
5. Join ongoing activities in	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers
acceptable ways.	Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend;
asseptable mayer	knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song,
	dance, acting/role-play
a. Express to others a desire to play	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers
(e.g., say, "I want to play.").	Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend;
1 7 7	knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song,
	dance, acting/role-play
b. Lead and follow.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative
	behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a
<b>.</b>	group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
c. Move into group with ease.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative
	behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
6. Resolve conflicts with others.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
0. Nesolve confincts with others.	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative
	behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a
	group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
a. With prompting and support, use	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
discussions and negotiations to reach	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
a compromise (e.g., say, "I had the	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative
drum first or you can have it when	behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a
_	group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
this song is over.").	
b. With prompting and support, use	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
courteous words and actions (e.g.,	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
say, "Please give me the book." "I'm	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a
sorry I stepped on your mat.").	group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
Emotional Development	group country to receive commet, acce constructive language
Demonstrate awareness of self and	
capabilities.	
Demonstrate trust in self.	SED 4-2 Becomes Confident
1. Domonouato trast in sell.	Pre-K: Shows pride in accomplishments; develops positive self-
	image: awareness of self as having certain abilities, preferences,
	characteristics
a. Make positive statements about	SED 4-2 Becomes Confident
self, use assertive voice to express	Pre-K: Shows pride in accomplishments; develops positive self-
self, and accept responsibility for own	image: awareness of self as having certain abilities, preferences,
actions (e.g., say, "I can", "I will	characteristics
", "I did").	OFD 0.4 Ferrors - Free Herr
b. Identify own emotions (e.g., say, "I	SED 3-1 Expresses Emotion
feel") and express pride in	Pre-K: Expresses a range of emotions; says how he/she is
accomplishments (e.g., "I did it!").	feeling and why; identifies emotions in photos (e.g., happy, sad, or confused)
	or contracta)

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Develop personal preferences.	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
a. Express independence, interest, and curiosity (e.g., say, "I can", "I choose" I want").	SED 4-2 Becomes Confident  Pre-K: Shows pride in accomplishments; develops positive self-image: awareness of self as having certain abilities, preferences, characteristics
b. Select and complete tasks (e.g., finish a puzzle or drawing).	ATL 1-5 Shows Initiative Pre-K: Makes and conveys choices to friends and teachers
3. Show flexibility, inventiveness, and interest in solving problems.	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
a. Make alternative choices (e.g., move to another area when a center is full).	ATL 1-5 Shows Initiative Pre-K: Makes and conveys choices to friends and teachers
b. Persist and problem solve when working on a task (e.g., work on a puzzle; rebuild a tower of blocks that has fallen).	ATL 1-3 Is Persistent Pre-K: Completes reasonable tasks despite frustration, either by persisting independently or seeking help from a friend or adult
4. Know personal information.	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
a. Describe self using several basic characteristics (e.g., gender, age, hair color, eye color).	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
b. Refer to self by first and last name.	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
c. Know parents'/guardians' names.	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
Recognize and adapt expressions, behaviors, and actions.	
5. Show impulse control with body and actions.	SED 3-2 Manages Feelings & Demonstrates Self-Control Pre-K: Has methods for coping with intense feelings (getting a comfort item; using words; counting to 5); seeks adult assistance in intense situations; is learning to control impulses and emotions; is able to wait turn

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a. Control own body in space (e.g., move safely through room without harm to self or others).	PMP 17-1 Develops Perception & Balance Pre-K: Stands on 1 foot for about 6 seconds; does a front roll (somersault); walks backwards without losing balance; walks heel-to-toe, on tiptoe, and on a straight line; can walk on a balance board; hops on one foot
b. Follow procedures or routines (e.g., come to circle time when the teacher begins to sing).	ATL 2-1 Understands Routines  Pre-K: Anticipates daily routines, such as meal time, clean-up time, etc.; transitions smoothly when instructed it is time to do something else
c. Transition appropriately within environments with ease (e.g., come indoors to wash hands for lunch or to listen to a story).	ATL 2-1 Understands Routines  Pre-K: Anticipates daily routines, such as meal time, clean-up time, etc.; transitions smoothly when instructed it is time to do something else
6. Manage emotions.	SED 3-2 Manages Feelings & Demonstrates Self-Control  Pre-K: Has methods for coping with intense feelings (getting a comfort item; using words; counting to 5); seeks adult assistance in intense situations; is learning to control impulses and emotions; is able to wait turn
a. With prompting and support, progress from being upset to being calm (e.g., breathe deeply to regain self-control).	SED 3-2 Manages Feelings & Demonstrates Self-Control Pre-K: Has methods for coping with intense feelings (getting a comfort item; using words; counting to 5); seeks adult assistance in intense situations; is learning to control impulses and emotions; is able to wait turn
b. With prompting and support, recognize emotions (e.g., "I am really mad.").	SED 3-1 Expresses Emotion  Pre-K: Expresses a range of emotions; says how he/she is feeling and why; identifies emotions in photos (e.g., happy, sad, or confused)
c. With prompting and support, express feelings through appropriate gestures, actions, and language (e.g., smile and say, "This story makes me happy.").	SED 3-1 Expresses Emotion  Pre-K: Expresses a range of emotions; says how he/she is feeling and why; identifies emotions in photos (e.g., happy, sad, or confused)
d. With prompting and support, express frustration and anger without harming self, others, or property (e.g., "I don't like it when you take my truck.").	SED 3-2 Manages Feelings & Demonstrates Self-Control Pre-K: Has methods for coping with intense feelings (getting a comfort item; using words; counting to 5); seeks adult assistance in intense situations; is learning to control impulses and emotions; is able to wait turn
7. Follow procedures and routines with teacher support.	ATL 2-1 Understands Routines  Pre-K: Anticipates daily routines, such as meal time, clean-up time, etc.; transitions smoothly when instructed it is time to do something else
a. Follow one-step and/or two-step directions (e.g., move appropriately when transitions are announced).	LC 7-1 Develops Receptive Communication  Pre-K: Follows class rules and routines; can follow multi-step directions of increasing complexity; listens to stories, directions, and conversations
b. Use materials with care and safety (e.g., use scissors to cut paper).	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege

c. Take turns sharing information with others (e.g., interact during group time).	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers  Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other children, including games with rules; recognizes negative behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
8. Demonstrate flexibility in adapting to different environments.	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
a. Adjust behavior in different settings (e.g., at the library, playground, lunchroom).	ATL 1-6 Thinks with Creativity & Flexibility  Pre-K: Able to transition thinking and behavior, such as during group play in response to a friend's suggestion or idea; generates creative ideas, suggestions
b. Follow rules (e.g., use outside voice, use inside voice) in different settings.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege

Science	
Scientific Method and Inquiry	
Engage in simple investigations.	
1. Make observations, make	CS 14-2 Makes Predictions
predictions, and ask questions about	Pre-K: Able to make and test predictions (e.g., what color will we
natural occurrences or events.	get if we mix the yellow dye and the blue dye?)
2. Describe, compare, sort and	CS 13-2 Classifies or Sorts Objects
classify, and order objects.	Pre-K: Compares objects based on attributes, such as weight,
2. Llos a variety of simple tools to	odor, color, texture, function or sound
3. Use a variety of simple tools to	CS 13-1 Explores Objects  Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste)
make investigations (e.g., use a	and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes
magnifying glass to look at a bug).	objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying
	glasses
4. Explore materials, objects, and	CS 13-1 Explores Objects
events and notice cause and effect.	Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste)
	and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying
	glasses
5. Describe and communicate	CS 14-4 Draws Conclusions and Sorts Results
observations, results, and ideas.	Pre-K: Can explain the results of an experiment and plan next
	steps; can sort experiment results into groups (e.g.,
	works/doesn't work, sinks/floats); uses "if/then" and "cause/effect" reasoning, with or without adult help
6. Work collaboratively with others.	SED 6-3 Cooperates with Peers
	Pre-K: Engages in play that requires cooperation with other
	children, including games with rules; recognizes negative
	behaviors in self, others or stories; is able to compromise in a
Lies the five conces to evalors and	group setting to resolve conflict; uses constructive language
Use the five senses to explore and	
investigate the environment.	

7. Name and identify the body parts associated with the use of each of the five senses.	CS 13-1 Explores Objects  Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste) and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying glasses
8. Describe similarities and differences in the environment using the five senses.	CS 13-1 Explores Objects  Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste) and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying glasses
Physical Science	
Develop awareness of observable properties of objects and materials.	
Manipulate and explore a wide variety of objects and materials.	CS 13-1 Explores Objects  Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste) and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying glasses
2. Describe and compare objects and materials by observable properties (e.g., color, size, shape, weight, texture, temperature).	CS 13-2 Classifies or Sorts Objects  Pre-K: Compares objects based on attributes, such as weight, odor, color, texture, function or sound
3. Identify position and movement of people and objects (e.g., over, under, in, out, sink, float).	CM 12-2 Develops Spatial Awareness  Pre-K: Uses location words (in, on, under, etc.); uses standard or nonstandard units of measurement to determine length, height, capacity etc. of object(s); compares length, height, capacity of a container, such as how many scoops are needed to fill a bucket
4. Explore what happens to objects in relation to other forces (e.g., throwing rocks, bouncing ball).	CS 13-1 Explores Objects  Pre-K: Identifies all 5 senses (smell, sight, sound, touch, taste) and uses them to explore objects in the environment; observes objects using tools such as color paddles, prisms and magnifying glasses
Life Science	
Acquire scientific knowledge related to life science.	
Name, describe, and distinguish plants, animals, and people by observable characteristics.	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the Natural World  Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in school garden or with school pet; knows about natural phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
2. Describe plant, animal, and human life cycles.	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the Natural World  Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in school garden or with school pet; knows about natural phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
3. Describe the needs of living things.	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the Natural World  Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in school garden or with school pet; knows about natural

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	phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that
	people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
4. Compare and contrast	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the
characteristics of living and nonliving	Natural World
things.	Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in
	school garden or with school pet; knows about natural phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that
	people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
Earth Science	poople allow the environment, eneme respect to living allings
Apply scientific knowledge related to	
earth science and space.	
Describe daily weather changes	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the
and seasonal patterns using weather	Natural World
vocabulary (e.g., hot, cold, warm,	Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in
sunny, cloudy).	school garden or with school pet; knows about natural
Sumy, sieddy).	phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that
	people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
2. Identify characteristics of the	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the
clouds, sun, moon, and stars.	Natural World
	Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in
	school garden or with school pet; knows about natural
	phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that
3. Collect, sort, identify, and describe	people affect the environment; shows respect for living things  CS 15-1 Explores the Natural Environment
natural objects in the natural world	Pre-K: Investigates how the natural environment works, such as
	growing plants, having an ant farm, having a butterfly garden, etc.
(e.g., rocks, soil, leaves). Technology	grandy garacty care
0,	
Identify and explore a variety of	
technology tools.	CS 12 2 Learne Heiner Technology
1. Use appropriate technology tools	CS 13-3 Learns Using Technology
(e.g., magnifying glass, telescope,	<u>Pre-K:</u> May be learning how to play educational games using a computer and keyboard or tablet
microscope, computer, simple	Computer and Reyboard or tablet
machines) to explore objects and/or	
to discover new information.	
2. Use technology tools to gather	CS 13-3 Learns Using Technology
and/or communicate information.	Pre-K: May be learning how to play educational games using a
0.14711	computer and keyboard or tablet
3. With prompting and support, invent	CS 13-3 Learns Using Technology
and construct simple objects or	Pre-K: May be learning how to play educational games using a
structures using technology tools.	computer and keyboard or tablet

Physical Development	
Gross Motor Skills	
Demonstrate understanding of gross	
motor concepts as they apply to the	
learning, development, and	
performance of physical activities.	

1. Identify and demonstrate the use of body parts connected with gross motor movement (e.g., knee, foot, arm).	PMP 17-1 Develops Perception & Balance  Pre-K: Stands on 1 foot for about 6 seconds; does a front roll (somersault); walks backwards without losing balance; walks heel-to-toe, on tiptoe, and on a straight line; can walk on a balance board; hops on one foot
2. Demonstrate coordination of large muscles to perform simple motor tasks (e.g., climbing, jumping, stretching, throwing a ball).	PMP 17-5 Develops Large Motor Coordination Skills  Pre-K: Walks up and down stairs with alternating feet; can pedal a tricycle, climb a ladder, and or swing without assistance; can kick, throw, bounce or catch a ball; skips or claps
Demonstrate competency in gross motor skills and movement patterns needed to perform a variety of physical activities.	
3. With prompting and support, demonstrate body coordination (e.g., balance, strength, moving in space, walking up and down stairs alternating feet).	PMP 17-5 Develops Large Motor Coordination Skills  Pre-K: Walks up and down stairs with alternating feet; can pedal a tricycle, climb a ladder, and or swing without assistance; can kick, throw, bounce or catch a ball; skips or claps
4. Use various types of equipment (e.g., playground equipment, tricycles, slides).	PMP 17-5 Develops Large Motor Coordination Skills  Pre-K: Walks up and down stairs with alternating feet; can pedal a tricycle, climb a ladder, and or swing without assistance; can kick, throw, bounce or catch a ball; skips or claps
5. Engage in gross motor activities that are familiar as well as activities that are new and challenging (e.g., pulling, throwing, catching, kicking, bouncing or hitting balls, riding wheel toys, skipping).	PMP 17-6 Develops Stamina for Extended Awake Periods and Play Times  Pre-K: Can play for up to an hour of gross motor activity; is graduating off afternoon nap; understands the importance of exercise
Fine Motor	
Demonstrate competency in fine motor skills needed to perform a variety of physical activities.	
1. With prompting and support, use fine muscle and eye-hand coordination for such purposes as using utensils, self-care, building, and exploring (e.g., place small objects in bottle).	PMP 18-2 Develops Fine Hand-Eye Coordination  Pre-K: Works with fine motor manipulatives, such as jigsaw puzzles or beads; ties knots and loops; uses a keyboard
Demonstrate understanding of emerging (developing) fine motor skills as they apply to the learning and performance of physical activities.	
2. Demonstrate fine muscle coordination using manipulative materials that vary in size, shape, and skill requirement (e.g., press	PMP 18-1 Develops Dexterity and In-Hand Manipulation Skills Pre-K: Holds a crayon or marker using a tripod grasp; strings beads; cuts with scissors; has established right- or left-handedness

individual computer keys on a	
keyboard, use clay to form shapes or objects).	
3. Demonstrate emerging (developing) coordination of fine muscles to perform simple motor tasks (e.g., tear, cut, fold and crease paper).	PMP 18-1 Develops Dexterity and In-Hand Manipulation Skills  Pre-K: Holds a crayon or marker using a tripod grasp; strings beads; cuts with scissors; has established right- or left-handedness
Participate in fine motor activity for self-expression and/or social interaction.	
4. With prompting and support, use fine motor skills for self-expression (e.g., coloring, painting, building, dressing-up in dramatic play).	PMP 18-1 Develops Dexterity and In-Hand Manipulation Skills  Pre-K: Holds a crayon or marker using a tripod grasp; strings beads; cuts with scissors; has established right- or left-handedness
	CCA 21-1 Explores Art Media  Pre-K: Uses a variety of art materials independently to create original artwork; appreciates artistic creations of others and art events; shares opinions, likes, and dislikes
5. With prompting and support, participate in group activities involving fine motor experiences (e.g., playing together with blocks, finger plays, and dramatic play).	PMP 18-1 Develops Dexterity and In-Hand Manipulation Skills Pre-K: Holds a crayon or marker using a tripod grasp; strings beads; cuts with scissors; has established right- or left- handedness
Demonstrate emerging (developing) competency in self-help skills needed to perform a variety of physical activities.	
6. With prompting and support, participate in self-care (e.g., dressing, brushing teeth, washing hands, feeding self).	PMP 18-1 Develops Dexterity and In-Hand Manipulation Skills  Pre-K: Holds a crayon or marker using a tripod grasp; strings beads; cuts with scissors; has established right- or left-handedness  PMP 19-2 Develops Self-Care Skills  Pre-K: Knows to wash hands with soap before eating, after toileting, and after wiping nose; independently brushes teeth; shows preference for certain clothing and prefers to dress and undress self; able to zip, button, and snap; may be able to tie shoes
Self-Care, Health, and Safety Skills	
Demonstrate an awareness and practice of safety rules.	
1. With prompting and support, identify safety rules (e.g., classroom, home, community).	PMP 20-2 Learns Safety Rules  Pre-K: Is learning in a safe environment where caregivers are modeling safe behaviors; understands & follows safety rules; follows teacher's instructions
2. With prompting and support, practice safety procedures by responding appropriately to harmful or unsafe situations.	PMP 20-2 Learns Safety Rules Pre-K: Is learning in a safe environment where caregivers are modeling safe behaviors; understands & follows safety rules; follows teacher's instructions

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3. With prompting and support, demonstrate appropriate behavior to respect self and others in physical activity by following simple directions and safety procedures.	PMP 20-2 Learns Safety Rules  Pre-K: Is learning in a safe environment where caregivers are modeling safe behaviors; understands & follows safety rules; follows teacher's instructions
Demonstrate an emerging (developing) use of standard health practices.	
4. With prompting and support, practice common health routines (e.g., resting, eating healthy meals, exercising, and using appropriate personal hygiene).	PMP 19-2 Develops Self-Care Skills  Pre-K: Knows to wash hands with soap before eating, after toileting, and after wiping nose; independently brushes teeth; shows preference for certain clothing and prefers to dress and undress self; able to zip, button, and snap; may be able to tie shoes
5. With prompting and support, participate in a variety of physical activities.	PMP 17-6 Develops Stamina for Extended Awake Periods and Play Times  Pre-K: Can play for up to an hour of gross motor activity; is graduating off afternoon nap; understands the importance of exercise
6. With prompting and support, identify nutritious foods.	PMP 20-1 Learns about Nutrition  Pre-K: Understands the difference between healthy and unhealthy food; eats a variety of nutritious foods; is willing to try foods with various tastes, colors, and textures

Creative Expression	
Music	
Participate in music-related activities.	
Create sounds and rhythms using	CCA 21-2 Explores Music
voice, body, instruments, or sound-producing objects.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Joins in class exploration of musical instruments; knows some musical concepts such as volume, speed, melody, tone, rhythm, notes, etc.
2. Sing a variety of short songs.	CCA 21-2 Explores Music
	<u>Pre-K:</u> Joins in class exploration of musical instruments; knows some musical concepts such as volume, speed, melody, tone, rhythm, notes, etc.
3. Listen actively and respond to	CCA 21-2 Explores Music
short musical works (e.g., singing, answering questions, following instructions).	<u>Pre-K:</u> Joins in class exploration of musical instruments; knows some musical concepts such as volume, speed, melody, tone, rhythm, notes, etc.
4. With prompting and support,	CCA 21-2 Explores Music
identify fast and slow tempos and simple elements of music.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Joins in class exploration of musical instruments; knows some musical concepts such as volume, speed, melody, tone, rhythm, notes, etc.
5. With prompting and support,	CCA 21-2 Explores Music
recognize a wide variety of sounds and songs from other cultures.	<u>Pre-K:</u> Joins in class exploration of musical instruments; knows some musical concepts such as volume, speed, melody, tone, rhythm, notes, etc.
Dance and Movement	

Development was a restore discretishing with	
Demonstrate understanding through	
the use of movement.	
1. Create simple movements (e.g.,	CCA 21-3 Explores Movement and Dance
twirl, turn around, skip, shake).	Pre-K: Begins to show individual expression in creative movement activities
2. Deepend why the misselly to different	
2. Respond rhythmically to different	CCA 21-3 Explores Movement and Dance
types of music (e.g., fast, slow).	<u>Pre-K:</u> Begins to show individual expression in creative movement activities
Theatre and Dramatic Play	movement activities
Engage in dramatic play throughout	
the day in a variety of centers.	
	CCA 21 4 Participates in Promotic Play
1. Imitate roles (e.g., mother, baby,	CCA 21-4 Participates in Dramatic Play  Pre-K: Learns about social roles and relationships through role-
doctor) observed in own life	play; expands ideas in creative ways; communicates creative
experiences.	ideas to friends and teachers
2. Use available materials as either	CCA 21-4 Participates in Dramatic Play
realistic or symbolic props.	Pre-K: Learns about social roles and relationships through role-
realistic of symbolic props.	play; expands ideas in creative ways; communicates creative
	ideas to friends and teachers
3. Make up new roles from	CCA 21-4 Participates in Dramatic Play
experiences and/or familiar stories.	Pre-K: Learns about social roles and relationships through role-
	play; expands ideas in creative ways; communicates creative
	ideas to friends and teachers
4. Imitate characteristics of animals	CCA 21-4 Participates in Dramatic Play
(e.g., the sounds animals make) and	Pre-K: Learns about social roles and relationships through role-
of people.	play; expands ideas in creative ways; communicates creative
Visual Arts	ideas to friends and teachers
Create and respond to visual art.	COA O4 4 Fundame Art Madia
1. Produce original art (e.g., color,	CCA 21-1 Explores Art Media
paint, draw) using a wide variety of	<u>Pre-K:</u> Uses a variety of art materials independently to create original artwork; appreciates artistic creations of others and art
materials and tools.	events; shares opinions, likes, and dislikes
2. Create artwork that reflects an	CCA 21-1 Explores Art Media
idea, theme, or story.	Pre-K: Uses a variety of art materials independently to create
idea, tricinic, or story.	original artwork; appreciates artistic creations of others and art
	events; shares opinions, likes, and dislikes
3. Describe own art work.	CCA 21-1 Explores Art Media
	Pre-K: Uses a variety of art materials independently to create
	original artwork; appreciates artistic creations of others and art
	events; shares opinions, likes, and dislikes

Social Studies	
Family and Community	
Understand self in relation to the	
family and the community.	
1. Identify self as a member of a	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self
family, the learning community, and	Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and
local community.	others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes);

	identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
2. With prompting and support, identify similarities and differences in people.	SS 16-1 Explores Cultures  Pre-K: Is learning that there are many different cultures and that people express culture in their dress, food, art, and work
3. With prompting and support, describe some family traditions.	SED 4-1 Develops Awareness of Self  Pre-K: Recognizes similarities and differences between self and others (e.g., gender, physical characteristics, likes/dislikes); identifies self as part of a group, (e.g., family, community, culture, faith, class)
4. Identify some similarities and differences in family structure, culture, ability, language, age and gender.	SS 16-1 Explores Cultures  Pre-K: Is learning that there are many different cultures and that people express culture in their dress, food, art, and work
Understand the concept of individual rights and responsibilities.	
5. With prompting and support, demonstrate responsible behavior related to daily routines.	ATL 2-1 Understands Routines  Pre-K: Anticipates daily routines, such as meal time, clean-up time, etc.; transitions smoothly when instructed it is time to do something else
6. With prompting and support, explain some rules in the home and in the classroom.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
a. Identify some rules for different settings.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
b. Identify appropriate choices to promote positive interactions.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
7. With prompting and support, identify some community members (e.g., parents, teachers, principals/directors, community helpers).	SS 16-4 Learns about Community Roles and Jobs  Pre-K: Learns about community helpers; studies different types of careers and jobs; understands the need for various roles in a society; learns about important contributions of historical figures
8. With prompting and support, identify some positive character traits of self and others(e.g., fair, friendly, respectful, responsible).	SED 6-2 Bonds with Peers  Pre-K: Shows affection for friends; may have a favorite friend; knows some likes or dislikes of peers; participates in group song, dance, acting/role-play
9. With prompting and support, describe a simple sequence of familiar events.	SS 16-2 Understands Time  Pre-K: Understands basic concepts of time including past- present-future; may understand basic units of time, including hours-minutes-days; learns about calendars, including week- month-year
Old World	

Understand the importance of people, resources, and the	
environment.	
Treat classroom materials and the belongings of others with care.	ATL 2-2 Shows Responsibility  Pre-K: Follows class rules; treats classroom property appropriately; puts objects away properly; is able to handle consequences from own actions, such as a re-direction, removal of an object, or revocation of a privilege
2. With prompting and support, identify location and some physical features of familiar places in the environment.	SS 16-3 Explores Geography Pre-K: Learns about how the local community is a part of a broader world, such as state and country; may study maps to learn about far-away cultures
3. With prompting and support, use money in pretend play to demonstrate understanding of the role money plays in the environment (e.g., play store or restaurant).	SS 16-5 Learns about Government and Economics  Pre-K: Demonstrates a growing awareness of community rules and types of governance; learns about how money is used to obtain goods or services; learns about different types of money, including coins, paper bills, checks, credit cards, and digital transactions
4. Use a variety of technology tools (e.g., telephone, cash register, computer), either real or pretend, that affect daily life interactions and activities.	CCA 21-4 Participates in Dramatic Play Pre-K: Learns about social roles and relationships through role- play; expands ideas in creative ways; communicates creative ideas to friends and teachers
5. Demonstrate an understanding of the role that people play in caring for the environment (e.g., recycling, keeping the environment clean, conserving water).	CS 15-2 Develops an Understanding of and Care for the Natural World  Pre-K: Can name different types of plants and animals; helps in school garden or with school pet; knows about natural phenomena such as weather and seasons; understands that people affect the environment; shows respect for living things
History and Events	
Understand events that happened in the past.	
With prompting and support, describe a simple series of familiar events.	SS 16-2 Understands Time  Pre-K: Understands basic concepts of time including past- present-future; may understand basic units of time, including hours-minutes-days; learns about calendars, including week- month-year
2. Recognize events that happened in the past.	SS 16-2 Understands Time  Pre-K: Understands basic concepts of time including past- present-future; may understand basic units of time, including hours-minutes-days; learns about calendars, including week- month-year

## **DISCLAIMER:**

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